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DOI: 10.15290/CR.2024.44.1.10

## Review of *Japanese-American Literature through the Prism of Acculturation* by Małgorzata Jarmołowicz-Dziekońska, Routledge, 2023, 294 pp. ISBN: 9781032379203

Małgorzata Jarmołowicz-Dziekońska's *Japanese-American Literature through the Prism of Acculturation*, published by Routledge in 2023, is an impressive, engaging, erudite study of acculturation in Japanese American literature of the second half of the twentieth century. While the target reader of the monograph seems to be a scholar specializing in Asian American or American ethnic studies, the book should also be accessible to a layperson in the field. Jarmołowicz-Dziekońska inscribes herself in the studies of Japanese American literature and culture pursued among others by such scholars as Henry Yu, Jinqi Ling, Traise Yamamoto, Gary Okihiro, King-Kok Cheung, Dominika Ferens, Stan Yogi, Russell Leong, all of whom shed light on slightly different aspects, participating in the discourse, yet in no way undermining or diminishing Jarmołowicz-Dziekońska's unique contribution to the field.

*Japanese-American Literature through the Prism of Acculturation* opens with an extensive exploration of acculturation theories and the genesis of culture studies, in which Jarmołowicz-Dziekońska cites such authors as Lawrence Grossberg, Colin Sparks, John Hartley, David Sam, Donald Goellnicht and Stephen Sumida. Special attention is devoted to the definition of culture and acculturation strategies developed by John Widdup Berry (42-54). In the rich theoretical overview of acculturation strategies, Jarmołowicz-Dziekońska places Japanese American acculturation in the broader context of Asian American

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acculturation. To her credit, in the section devoted to the history of Asian American literature, Jarmołowicz-Dziekońska cites the 1972 anthology by Kai-yu Hsu and Helen Palubinskas, often overlooked as the first anthology of Asian American literature. Jarmołowicz-Dziekońska very effectively underscores the internal heterogeneity within the Japanese American community, distinguishing between the first generation (the Issei), the second generation (the Nisei), the third generation (the Sansei), the fourth generation (the Yonsei) and the fifth generation (the Gonsei), but still placing the Issei and the Nisei in the center of the book.

In the section dedicated to the analysis of acculturation in selected works of the second half of the twentieth-century Japanese American literature, Jarmołowicz-Dziekońska examines respective acculturation strategies, for example, marginalization, adaptation to the new environment, education, intergenerational communication, and communication outside one's immediate environment, the tension between individualism and collectivism, gender relations as well as patriarchy. The analytic part of the study shows that the author cogently applies earlier expounded theories to the explored works. As a New Historicist scholar, she also consistently attaches great importance to the socio-historical background. Małgorzata Jarmołowicz-Dziekońska's Japanese-American Literature through the Prism of Acculturation proposes a thorough, penetrating inquiry into acculturation strategies in selected works of Japanese American prose of the second half of the twentieth century, in particular in Yoshiko Uchida's Picture Bride, John Okada'a No-No Boy, Yoshiko Uchida's Desert Exile: The Uprooting of a Japanese American Family, Monica Sone's Nisei Daughter, Daniel Okimoto's American in Disguise, Bill Hosokawa's Out of the Frying Pan: Reflections of a Japanese American, Jeanne Wakatsuki Houston, and James Houston's Farewell to Manzanar: A True Story of Japanese American Experience during and after the World War II Internment and Jeanne Wakatsuki Houston's Beyond Manzanar: Views of Asian-American Womanhood.

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